OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Probate Judge Charged With Embezzlement.

FAMOUS UTICA QUARTZ MINE.

Cattle Ranges in Arizona Reported to be in splendid Condition-Other Occurrences.

The total British Columbia salmon pack is 548,800. Chris Evans' trial has been set for Oc-

The canneries on the Fraser river are

closed for the season. More men have been discharged from the Chollar and Potosi on the Comstock,

Walter Barth, a notorious horsethief, has escaped from the Carson State Rains in the mountains in Arizona

have started a boom in Salt river. The cattle ranges are in splendid condition. D. M. Cashin, the San Francisco defaulter, now at Vancouver, B. C., says he will come over and demonstrate his innocence before long.

The top of Mount Rainier in Washington is said by exploring parties to be inaccessible this year on account of un-usual formations of ice.

The British war ship Champion has been directed to co-operate with the United States fleet in carrying out the modus vivendi in Behring Sea.

President Jordan says the financial affairs of Stanford University are in perfect condition, and that the future of the great institution is brighter than ever. E. W. French, Probate Judge and exofficio County Superintendent of Schools, has been arrested at Prescott, A. T., and

charged with forgery and embezzlement. The gamblers, seeing they will not be permitted to run games in Sacramento during the State Fair, have rented every available place in Washington across the

The famous Utica quartz mine at An gels, Calaveras county, Cal., yielded last month the enormous sum of \$165,000, which was \$25,000 more than the owners

expected.

Chris Evans, the Visalia outlaw, is satisfied that he will be acquitted by the courts, and complacently remarked:
"But I am not so foolish as to suppose that I am to have a walkover of it.

It is reported at San Diego that the Pacific Bank has disposed of its controlling interest in the San Diego street railway to the company that has been experimenting with the storage-battery electric cars in San Francisco.

The rate of wages for picking raisin grapes in San Diego has been fixed at \$1,35 per day and 2 cents per tray for extra work, with board at 50 cents. Plans have been developed for placing the whole output in the hands of one company. company.

The Montana Wool Growers' Association in session at Great Falls has passed resolutions to send delegates to the National Convention at Chicago and to cut down the wages of employes in view of the present depreciated value of their

Commander Henry Glass, United States navy, Captain of the yard at Marc Island, has received orders from Washington to appear before the Board of Naval Examiners for examination for promotion to the grade of Lieutenant

By a decision of the Utah Supreme Court in cases against the Mormon Church the Gardo House property, the church farm west of Salt Lake and the coal fields east of the city are allotted to the government, while the tithing proper ty on Main street and the historical office revert to the Mormon Church. The property thus escheated by the government is worth about \$500,000, and will be taken charge of by a receiver.

The report of Dr. Johnson on the result of the chemical analysis of the viscera removed from the body of John Martin at Weaverville, Cal., is to the effect that "arsenic was not a factor in causing death." The Coroner's jury was not satisfied with the report, and gave the following peculiar verdict: "That the cause was in our opinion not occa-"That sioned from natural causes, and therefore we are unable to determine an from the evidence find the cause of his The Coroner deems the report of the doctor incomplete, and is not sat" isfied with it.

"Visitors to the World's Fair are disposed to speak enthusiastically of the exhibition made by the young and rising State of Oregon, notwithstanding the small sum of money her managers had at their dispensation. 'If Missouri had used her appropriation as judiciously what a showing we could have made, corner are not jealous of the glorious region from which our county-seat drew its name on account of the old-time intimacies between our pioneers and emi grants and visitors to and from the Mis-39 and the early '40s our point was a great place for the pioneers to rest and get their teams shod—oxen mostly. How

uri river and Willamette country. In many, whose descendants are prominent people of Oregon State, rested here for a brief space till 'grass was ready,' pre-paratory to their long, weary tramp across the plains, over the mountain and plateaus to that then mystic land, 'where rolls the Oregon and hears no sound save its own dashings!'

Representatives of Italian exhibitors at the Chicago Fair called on Director-General de Young of the Midwinter Exposition at San Francisco, and asked for 15,000 square feet of space in the me-chanical and fine arts building, which is more than it will be possible to give them in that structure. They may agree the buildings. It is the opinion of the Italian Commissioners that the foreign exhibitors at Chicago will all social be admitted, but a few which will be admitted, but a few which will be admitted. exhibitors at Chicago will all want a some popular subjects, will be open to large amount of space, and they don't think the plans for the fair buildings are on a scale large enough. The Director-General said that, if the financial condition were somewhat better, he would enlarge the buildings, but under the circumstances he did not think it would be practicable. Space at the fair will be of he says, is all right and the intention of Japanese have located space outside, and States Circuit Courts and their method will construct their own buildings.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Jerusalem is to have a brewery. New buildings in France have plaster

England needs 250,000,000 bricks monthly. A Vermont mill is making 600,000,000

ostal cards. The use of steel for ship-building was

egun in 1879. The miners and laborers are deserting Leadville, Col.

England takes 40,000 tons of eggs from Ireland yearly.

Three-fourths of the population of Russia are farmers.

About 10,000 gross of pens are produced from a ton of steel. Twenty thousand men are employed by the German navy.

An ounce of gold is worth \$20.67. We sold ours for \$16 in 1849.

During the present century 8,000 tons of gold have been mined. In the City of Mexico the street rail-

way furnishes funeral cars. Now we have an electric cloth-cutter; also an electric rock-breaker.

At the present day about 96 per cent of all vessels built are of steel. Hog-packing to August 20 this year was 4,545,000 hogs, against 5,730,000 last

It is said the silver depreciation will cost the Mexican government \$10,000,000 a year.

The United States produces more grain in proportion to population than any other nation.

Since 1840 the world's production of ment has increased 57 per cent, that of products. grain 420 per cent.

It is estimated that last year 1,285,-000,000 bananas were consumed in the United States alone.

There are 3,700 national, 3,000 State ber will be visible of and 1,300 private banks in the United States, a total of 8,000.

The fruit crop of

Company of South Africa to a syndicate. By irrigation 25,000,000 acres are made fruitful in India alone. In Egypt there are about 6,000,000 and in Europe about 5,000,000.

The United States has just begun the work of improving the waste area, and has already about 4,000,000 acres of ir-

In Great Britain the actual number of persons engaged in agriculture is 2,561,-000; in manufacture, 5,189,000; in com-Of the thousands upon thousands of

women who deposit in the Philadelphia savings banks more than half are boarding-house keepers.
The saloons of Chicago employ 24,000

persons. There are over 5,000 of them, notwithstanding that 2,000 have lately

ing 12 cents, are required. The largest gold nuggets found in Australia were the "Welcome," 2,020 ounces,

and the "Stranger," 2,280 ounces, valued respectively at £8,380 and £9,400. The value of the gold produced in this country from 1792 to 1892 was \$5,633,-08,000, and the value of the silver

mined during the same period was \$5,-The first appearance of peanuts in mercantile history was a consignment of ten bags sent from Virginia to New York for sale in 1794. In 1892 the product was

2,600,000 bushels, Russian women and Japanese men are said to excel all the other world's work-ers with the needle by those who have over 1,000. closely studied the embroidery exhibits in different buildings at the World's Fair.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Sam P. Jones, the Georgia evangelist, is been forgotten. still living, and has just celebrated his 88th birthday at Cartersville.

lown for twenty years, has taken the queerest somersault of his career. He ously reported.

has landed in the Salvation Army. Baron von Schloezer, recently German the dislike of Emperor William because and bunting will of his friendship for Bismarck, has about where in the city.

decided to take up his abode in Berlin. The Countess von Reque of Rouen, rance, the mother of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, has instituted suit in Rich mond for the recovery of 2,000,000 acres diamonds and jewelry in the State are of land in Virginia and West Virginia. which she claims were obtained from her family through deception and fraud,

The campaign for the woman suffrage amendment to the constitution of Kansas has opened out there with Susan B. Helen M. Gougar, Mary Lease and others on the stump. It looks as if they would have things all their The Oregon (Mo.) Democrat says own way so far as the oratory is con

The late Editor Buck of the Spirit of the Times was a friend and exponent of honest sport, and his charming personal qualities won for him troops of friends everywhere. He was a generous fellow withal, as was shown by his having left about \$50,000 in unpaid due bills for money lent by him to friends in distress.

Admiral Humann, the commander-in chief of the French forces in Siam whose name has appeared so often in print since the beginning of the trouble between France and the Oriental country, is the grandson of Jean George Humann, a rich merchant of Strasburg, who was Minister of Finance under the so-called

July monarchy. Thomas A. Edison comes of a long-lived stock. His father is still alive at Port Huron, Mich., at the age of 90. His grandfather was 103 years old, and two of his aunts lived to be 98 and 99 re spectively. Samuel Edison, the father of the inventor, looks forward to many nore years of activity. He is very proud of his famous son, who is known to family as "Al."

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison's ectures at Stanford University have been postponed until February, because, as is announced, he has other duties pressin upon his attention in the Fast. They will begin February 10, and the series

kinds—within and outside of the the government to aid inventors sinceredings. The Hawaiians, Chinese and but the difficulty lies in the United of procedure. He advocates a change so ports from the interior are encouraging, that inventors who charge infringement in several quarters active preparations should have

EASTERN MELANGE.

A Gold Medal Found in the The Germans have invented a steam Stomach of a Steer.

DELAWARE'S BIG PEACH CROP.

Grant Locomotive Works at Chicago About to Resume Business-Hoke Smith's Broom.

han girls. Chicago's stock of sugar is low, and cholesalers cannot fill orders.

There is a noticeable increase in osits of the Cincinnati banks. Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago has

een reducing his tenants' rents. The movement to provide a pension for Mrs. Jefferson Davis is to be revived. The government has ordered by mail the dissolution of the Behring Sea fleet. A genuine case of leprosy has been bound in the penitentiary at Laramie,

About 200,000 old pension claims are detracked, later claims taking the precedent.

Congressman O'Neil predicts that coal will be placed on the free list in the re-

Grasshoppers have struck the section

of Illinois about Litchfield, and are do-ing great damage. The annual eclipse of the sun in Octowill be visible over the Western half

The total receipts of gold in Chicago

new \$4,000,000 Federal building. New York "needs" a new postoffice.

Angered citizens on the Rio Grande border, Texas, have been rounding up cattle-thieves. Fifty were caught.

The Kansas Board of Health is arranging for a thorough investigation of the sanitary condition of the State. The big storm nearly exterminated the

President Palmer of the World's Fair

directory says this is no time for sub-scriptions for the Duke of Veragua, and nothing has been done to help him. It is estimated that the total damage

and Long Island Sound, caused by the recent storm, amounts to \$2,000,000. It is reported that a newspaper is to be established in Lewiston, Me., to ad-

The remarkable claim is made by the lessup (Ga.) Sentinel that there has not been a death in that town since last September. The town has a population of

Ex-Senator Allen has resumed his law out the old fractional scrip, government to the scene of the outrage with instrucand other, issued during the war, which | tions to investigate and make a report Rev. Samuel P. Jones, grandfather of have for years been in collections or have

till living, and has just celebrated his 8th birthday at Cartersville.

The Eastern and Western coal sales agents at New York have decided that the vast frontier of the United States on the September output shall be 3,000,000 the North and South has been frequently tons instead of 2,750,000 tons as previ-

Chicago day at the World's Fair will oe October 9, the anniversary of the great Embassador to the Vatican, who aroused fire of 1871. Flags, bantiers, streamers and bunting will be displayed every-The total valuation of Illinois property

for taxation purposes is only \$761,230,681, counting in Chicago. Watches are valied at an average of \$2.02, while all the rated at \$57,347. The Grant Locomotive Works at Chi-

cago are about to resume busines will employ 1,200 men. The works have a contract to build fifty-five locomotives for the Burlington road at a cost exceeding \$600,000.

Delaware has a big peach crop; it is estimated that there will be 3,000,000 bushels of peaches. If these peaches sell for 50 cents a basket, the su 500,000 will go into the pockets of the peach orchard owners.

The Indiana State Board of Tax Com issioners has finished its assessment and valuation of railroad property that State. The total assessed value the roads is approximately \$160,000,000, or \$750,000 less than last year.

A 68-foot steam yacht, called the Fei seen (Japanese for flying arrow) and owned by W. B. Cogswell of Syracuse, made a run in New York waters the other

day at the rate of 31.6 miles an hour, beating the record for steam vessels. Hoke Smith's broom has swept 600 pensioners from the government rolls of the Chicago district. The disbursements by the pension agency of that city ex-tends practically through the entire Mississippi Valley. It pays out \$12,000,000 yearly. There are 74,000 pensioners on

At a meeting of the W. C. T. U. at Bridgeton, N. J., Mrs. Townsend prayed that God would paralyze the Excise Board and remove it before it granted any more licenses. A week later Samue W. Wells, a member of the board, was found in his office paralyzed, and death ensued in a few hours.

A gold medal was found in the sto ach of a Texas steer slaughtered at Chi cago last week. The medal is in the shape of a Maltere cross, and bears the inscription, "Awarded to Miss Ida Work, Ursuline Academy, Dallas, Tex." Armour & Co. have written to the convenpeople, stating the medal is subject to their order.

A party of union and non-union paint ers, while discussing the merits of their position in the labor world at Chicago. became angry and began fighting. The police were called, and the combatants ran. One of the men, Emil Schultz, was followed by a crowd shouting, "Stop thief," and the farther he ran the greater became the crowd which followed In several quarters active preparations should have a preliminary injunction of the counties have made appropriations for collecting material.

That inventors who charge infringement was cornered, and the crowd pelted him with stones. He fired at the mob several quarters active preparations should have a preliminary injunction with stones. He fired at the mob several quarters active preparations should have a preliminary injunction with stones. He fired at the mob several quarters active preparations should have a preliminary injunction with stones. He fired at the mob several quarters active preparations should have a preliminary injunction with stones. He fired at the mob several quarters active preparations should have a preliminary injunction of the counties have made appropriations for collecting material.

One of the bills reported favorably on by the Senate Committee on Laws grants five townships of land in the vicinity of

Senator Dolph has introduced bills to provide for the erection of a first-class fog signal at or near the present position of the Cape Arago light station; granting a right of way to the Albany and Astoria Railroad Company through the Grand Ronde Indian reservation, and extend-ing the time of the Umatilia Irrigation Company to construct its ditch across the Umatilla Indian reservation.

The trouble between the Mexican and United States officials at Havana, Tex., growing out of the seizure of 3,000 sheep by Mexican officials, is receiving the at-tention of President Cleveland and Sec-Philadelphia has 23,000 more boys retary Gresham. All telegrams and other data bearing on the subject are now before the State Department for action and the matter may soon become one of unusual diplomatic importance.

Special Agent Ayers' much-talked-of suppressed report on tin plate has been given out by the Treasury Department. It shows during the period from July 1 to March 31 the aggregate production of tin plate in this country from sheets rolled in the United States was 34,632,-052 pounds. The aggregate amount of imported black plates converted into tin plate in the United States was 39,290,282 pounds, making a grand total of both kinds of 73,922,334 pounds.

The recent advices received by Secretary Morton from an agent in Europe fully confirm previous reports regarding the shortage of certain crops in many sections of Europe, which he represents The Texas lines have agreed upon uni-orm rules in the handling of cotton Although he does not think it likely that much of the latter will be used for human food, he represents that the tariff complications between Russia and Germany are likely to render the latter country especially dependent upon the United States for its supply.

Diamonds worth over \$5,000,000 were old in one lot recently by the De Beers ompany of South Africa to a syndicate.

The fruit crop of Oklahoma this year have been directed to brand all butter and cheese in transit from the United States of America. The Development of States of America. The Canadian Collectors of Customs Kansas has issued an appeal for seed tioned at Montreal, states that the object toned or money to buy it for farmers in of this action is in the first place to prevent false branding and misrepresentation of foreign butter and cheese as Cadirect from Europe are estimated to be nadian in the country of destination, slightly in excess of \$8,000,000.

Chicago is convinced that it "needs" the substitution of Canadian butter and cheese, which increases the transit and retention of the foreign product in Can-ada without payment of duty.

At no time since the war have custom receipts been so low as now. The matter is causing Secretary Carlisle a good deal of worry. In the Treasury last week the cash balance was reduced to \$105,000,000, inclusive of gold reserve and \$10,000,000 abrased and uncurrent and wheelings are supported by the support of th grasshoppers which have been making subsidiary coin. What is left of the desuch ravages on crops and vegetables in pleting gold reserve continues to be the American States." The Louisville and Nashville troubles which to pay current expenses. The relating gas eight pounds of coal, costing 2 cents, and four gallons of naphtha, costing 12 cents, are required.

The Louisville and Nashville troubles which to pay current expenses. The receipts are now running about \$170,000 per day behind the expenditures. For large 2 cents, are required. only cash balance in the Treasury with maker, is preparing for an exhibition at which to pay current expenses. The receipts are now running about \$170,000 tillery since 1864. len below the internal revenue receipts. For the fiscal year from July 1 to the present time the government expenditures have exceeded the receipts by \$19,000,000. At this rate the deficit at the end of the year will be very large.

The vigorous protest entered by the United States government against the outrage to Miss Milton, an American missionary, in the Turkish province of Mosul has borne fruit that will insure to some extent in future the safety of Christian missionaries in Turkey. The United States made a demand for a rigid investigation of the outrage and punishment of the guilty parties. This demand was met by the Turkish authorities

Paris police. When riots are apprehended the beating of the police drum will be equivalent to reading the riot act.

Dueling in Russia has become so common that the government has been comin a manner entirely satisfactory to this pelled to decree a severe code of punish-government. Hereafter the Vizier of ment. Killing an antagonist will cost Mosul will give a Vizieral letter to missis years in prison. During the six weeks ending August 27 over 30,000,000 bushels of wheat were exported to Europe. In the same time last year less than 20,000,000 bushels in the protection of the authorities, and a military escort will be furnished all missionaries who desire it. Furthermore, the Vizier has sent an officer and troops six years in prison.

It is estimated that about 250,000 canary birds are raised every year in Germany. The most important market is the United States, which imports about 100,000 birds per annum. but, owing to the remote situation of the place, no report has yet been made.

made apparent. Chinese come in from Mexico and Canada; alien contract laborers, too, cross our frontiers, and now it is discovered the aboriginal American is engaged in eluding the vigilance of Uncle Sam's customs officers. A case ernment something. Troops to the number of 20,000 were brought into the city ber of 20,000 were brought into the city Indian was reported as having crossed maint from Canada with \$2,000 worth of Indian a day. goods in his possession. By law the Indians in their migrations on the Northern border go to and return from Canada at will, and are allowed to carry their effects" with them duty free, The Indian, it is asserted by the special agent reporting the case, has evidently learned ome tricks" from his pale-faced neighbors, and is bringing into this country as his personal "effects" goods subject to duty. In this case the Indian swore that the goods were his, but it is learned that urer, and that they are sold to Indians investigation of the mat-

border without paying the duty the law ter has been ordered A great many bills have been filed in the House. A great majority are bilis that have already found a place on the calendars of the previous Congress, such as bills to repeal the Federal election law; to repay to States the cotton tax to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy: to increase the facilities for prosecuting war claims of various kinds. The original bills chiefly grow out of the existing financial conditions. Several are to repeal the 10 per cent tax on State bank circulation and two to establish an income tax. One by Richardson (Dem. Tennessee is radical in its provision He proposes a tax of 2 per cent on \$3,-000 to \$5,000, 5 per cent on \$5,000 to \$10,-000, 10 per cent on \$10,000 to \$20,000, 15 per cent on \$20,000 to \$30,000, 20 per cent n \$30,000 to \$50,000, 30 per cent on \$50, 000 to \$100,000, 40 per cent on all over \$100,000. A national bank bill has been prepared by Harter (Dem.) of Ohio, un-der the provisions of which a national bank may issue circulating bonds to se ture it, and the bonds now on deposit with the Treasurer to secure circulation nay be withdrawn, the United States to the first lien on the assets of any failed national bank to secure its guarantee of the bank's circulation, and in case the assets are not sufficient to mburse the government the Comptroller of the Currency is to make an assess-ment upon all the national banks of the State in which the derelict bank is located, divided pro rata according to the capital and surplus, to make up the deficiency. Besides the 75 per cent of the circulation provided for as stated, the banks may issue an amount equal to 50 per cent of their capital and surplus to be known as emergency circulation, se-cured by United States bonds, and to pay a tax of 6 per cent until retired. Among the other bills introduced are: To provide for the admission of Arizona to enable the people of New Mexico, Utah, Arizona and Oklahoma to form a

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Crater Lake, Or., to that State for a public park and forest reserve.

BREAD AND BUTTER DANCES."

It is Predicted That Great Britain, France and Germany Will Need Our Wheat.

Welsh mine owners have refused to take back repentant strikers. Russian railway trains rarely go fast as twenty-two miles an hour. The debts of the late Duke of Saxe

Coburg, Germany, are estimated at \$750, By the exertions of "General" Booth Edinburgh is to open a shelter for

women. Count Tolstoi has just finished an iniry into social matters, which is to be published soon in English. Cooks of all nations are to have a fair

and feast in Paris next year, with prizes for "authors of new dishes." Baron Edmond de Rothschild's colony n Palestine shows such promise of such

sess that he has purchased more land.

In Asiatic Turkey the roads are said to be so bad that the freight on a ton wheat for 100 miles would be over \$45. Grasshopper soup, of which Stanley wrote as a luxury in Africa, has been experimented with in Paris with success.

An experimental shipment of oaten

hay has been made from Geelong, Australia, and consigned to a London firm. Local telegrams are now being transof the principal cities of Great Britain. London contains one-eighth of Great Britain's population. It has a larger daily delivery of letters than all Scot-

The tallest tree on earth is perhaps gum tree (eucalyptus regnans), recently discovered in Australia. It is 415 feet

high. A meeting of the Latin Union is to be called to decide the question of the nationalization of fractional silver cur-

age, and received his early education from an English lady. He is a great admirer of England. The London Pall Mall Budget the other day announced that the yacht Navahoe was "named after one of the

The King of Siam is about 42 years of

Herr Krupp, the great German gun-It is said that President Carnot of

France is suffering from a cancerous af-fection of the liver, which will require a dangerous operation soon. Some London music-hall shares, lately sold, show that business is good. The Tivoli sells at nearly 200, the Pavilion at 125 and the Empire at 350.

Customs frauds in the importation of

Drummers are to be attached to the Paris police. When riots are apprehended the beating of the police drum will be equivalent to reading the riot act.

Dueling in Russia has become so common that the ground nas been depended to the Syrup—Eastern, in barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per keg.

Owing to a disagreen customers as to the price of milk, the 2.80; apricots, \$1.65@2.00. cow owners of Rappoltsweiler, an Alsatian dairy village, are pouring their entire product into the river.

There is one place in France in which gravestones and funeral epitaphs are unknown. This is the village of Boreias Maritime Alps. The dead are not

to strengthen the garrison, and their maintenance there amounted to \$15,000 As 337 persons, mostly old women, were injured by bicycle collisions in

London last year, the city government is considering a law to have the bicycle riders duly numbered and licensed like A vase, which has taken four years to complete, has just been sent to London rom a Minton manufactory. It is valued at £1,500, and is considered the handsomest thing of the kind that has

ever been made. The census of foreigners resident in rance shows a total of 1,130,211. The Belgians are most numerous, and next to them stand the Italians. Since 1851 the number of American residents has increased from 5,000 to 12,000.

"Bread and butter dances" are a late form of entertainment designed by the ladies of Sydney, Australia. They are given for a charity, and in order that may benefit as much as possible the sim-plest refreshments are served. In Paris they first utilize rats to clear

the flesh from the bones of carcasses, then kill the rats, use up the fur for trimmings, the skin for gloves, their thigh bones for toothpicks and their tenlons and bones for gelatin wrappers. In its efforts at retrenchment and reform the government of New South Wales has already effected a reduction n the expenditures for this year of \$7,

ficial salaries have been cut all around. F. P. Loomis, formerly United States Consul at St. Etienne, says that from an investigation he made he finds that about 95,000 Americans of the better class visit Europe every year, and that they spend about \$100,000,000 annually sbroad

The Sultan of Turkey is grieving over

he sudden death of twelve of the most

500,000 as compared with last year.

ceantiful women in the imperial harem at Constantinople, the result of blood-poisoning following vaccination. One hundred and sixty-seven wives survived similar operation. The Prefecture of Police in France has established a service of identity in order identify released convicts. Since 1808 there have been 1,500 sentences recorded

against men named Louis Lefevre in that

country, by which innumerable innocent

Louis Lefevres have been brought into trouble. The London Times makes the prediceast 28,000,000 quarters of wheat from as much as it usually does, and it notes constitution and State government and the fact that Germany has already begun to draw on America for supplies. to draw on America for supplies.

PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT - Valley, 92%@95c; Walla Walla, 8236@85c per cental

HOPS, WOOL AND HIDES. Hops-'92s, 10@16c per pound, according to quality; new crop, '93s, 15@17c. Wool—Prices nominal.

Hings—Dry selected prime, 5c; green, salted, 60 pounds and over, 3½c; under 60 pounds, 2@3c; sheep pelts, shearlings, 10@15c; medium, 20@35c; long wool, 30@60c; tallow, good to choice, 3@5c per pound.

FLOUR, FEED, ETC. FLOUR-Standard, \$3.25; Walla Walla, \$3.25; graham, \$2.75; superfine, \$2.50

per barrel. Oats-New white, 35@36c per bushel OATS—New white, 30@30c per bushel; new gray, 32@33c; rolled, in bags, \$6.25 @6.50; barrels, \$6.50@6.75; cases, \$3.75. Millstuffs — Bran, \$17.00; shorts, \$20.00; ground barley, \$22@23; chop feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, 80 @85c per cental; middlings, \$23@28 per ton; chicken wheat, \$1.10@1.25 per cental

HAY-Good, \$10@12 per ton. DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 25@ 26½c; fancy dairy, 20@22½c; fair to good, 16@17½c; common, 14@15c per pound; California, 35@44c per roll, CHEESE—Oregon, 12½c; California, 13@14c; Young America, 15@16c per round.

EGGS—16c per dozen.
POULTRY—Chickens, old, \$4.50@5.00;
broilers, \$2.00@3.50; ducks, \$4.00@6.00;
geese, \$8.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 14c per pound; dressed, none in the market.

VEGETABLES AND PRUITS. VEGETABLES-Cabbage, 1c per pound; potatoes, Oregon, 80@:5c per sack; new onions, 1½c per pound; cucumbers, Ore-gon, 8@10c per dozen; string beans, 5@ geon, source per dozen, sering occase, obx; for per pound; tomatoes, 50@75c per box; green corn, 10@12½c per dozen; sweet potatoes, 2¼@2½c per pound; egg plant, \$1.50 per box; new California celery, 90c Cattle-growing cannot be followed in

per dozen.
FRUITS—Sicily lemons, \$6.00@6.50 per box; California new crop, \$5.50@6.00 per box; bananas, \$1.50@3.00 per bunch; oranges, \$3.00 per box; pineapples, \$6.00 per dozen; California apples, \$1.25@1.50 per bushel; Oregon, 50@75c; peaches, California, 75@85c per box; freestone, 60 @65c per box; clingstone, 75@80c per box; Oregon peach plums, 40@60c per box; Bradshaw plums, 60@75c per box; Bradshaw plums, 60@75c per box; Bartlett pears, \$1.25@1.50 per box; blackberries, 4@5c per pound; water-melons, \$2.00@2.50 per dozen; canta-loupes, \$1.25@1.50 per dozen; nutmeg melons, \$1.50 per box; huckleberries, 15c per pound; grapes, black and white, 85@90c; Tokay, \$1.00@1.15 per box; nectarines, \$1.25 per box; crab apples, \$1.25@1.50 per box.

STAPLE GROCERIES. DRIED FRUITS-Petite prunes, 10@11c; silver, 11@12c; Italian, 13½c; German, 10@11c; plums, 8@9c; evaporated apples, 10@11c; evaporated apricots, 12@ 15c; peaches, 10@12½c; pears, 7@11c per pound. Hongy-Choice comb, 18c per pound;

\$1.25@1.50 per box.

new Oregon, 16@20c; extract, 9@10c. Salx — Liverpool, 100s, \$16.00; 50s, \$16.50; stock, \$8.50@9.50. \$16.50; stock, \$8.50(@9.50.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22c; Rio, 21c;
Salvador, 21½c; Mocha, 25½@30c; Java,
24½@30c; Arbuckle's and Lyon, 100pound cases, 23.80c per pound; Columbia, same, 23.80c.

Rice—Island, \$4.75@5.00; Japan, —;
Naw Orleans, \$4.50 per contal

New Orleans, \$4.50 per cental.

BEANS—Small whites, 3\(\frac{3}{2}\)c; pinks, 3\(\frac{3}{2}\)c; bayos, 3\(\frac{3}{2}\)c; butter, 4c; lima, 3\(\frac{1}{2}\)c

keg.
Strake—D, 53gc; Golden C, 53ge; extra
C, 57gc; confectioners' A, 63gc; dry granulated, 63gc; cube, crushed and powdered, 71/4c per pound; 1/4c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

CANNED GOODS. Pie fruite, assorted, \$1.20; peaches, \$1.25; plums, \$1.00@1.20; blackberries, \$1.25@1.40 per dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, \$3.15@3.50; peaches, \$3.50@4.00; apri-

cots, \$3.50@4.00; plums, \$2.75@3.00; blackberries, \$4.25@4.50. MEATS—Corned beef, 1s, \$1.50; 2s, \$2.40; chipped, \$2.55@4.00; lunch tongue, 1s, \$4; 2s, \$6.75; deviled ham,

\$1.75@2.15 per dozen. Fish—Sardines, ¼8, 75c@\$2.25; ¼8, \$2.15@4.50; lobsters, \$2.30@3.50; salmon, tin 1-lb talls, \$1.25@\$1.50; flats, \$1.75; 2-lbs, \$2.25@2.50; 12-barrel, \$5.50. BAGS AND BAGGING.

Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6½c; burlaps, 11½-ounce, 45-inch,

ity, \$8.50@9.00 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20. prime quality, \$7.50@8.00 per box; terne olate, I. C., prime quality, \$6.50@7.00. NAILS-Base quotations: Iron, \$2.25; steel, \$2.35; wire, \$2.50 per keg. STREL-Per pound, 10%c. LEAD-Per pound, 4%c; bar, 6%c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NAVAL STORES-Oakum, \$4.50@5.00 per bale; resin, \$4.80@5.00 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$13; Carolina, \$9 per barrel; pitch, \$6 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon in car lots. Inon-Bar, 21/c per pound; pig-iron, \$23@25 per ton.

Bggr-Prime steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good steers, \$2.00@2.50; good to choice cows, \$1.50@2.00; dressed beef, \$3.50@ Murron-Choice mutton, \$2.00@2.50 dressed, \$4.00@4.50; lambs, \$2.00@2.50; dressed, \$6.00; shearlings, 234c, live

LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

weight, Hoos—Choice heavy, \$5.00@5.50; me-dium, \$4.50@5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50@5.00; dressed, \$7.00. VEAL-\$4.00@6.00. EASTERN SMOKED MEAT AND LARD-Hams, medium, uncovered, 15@16c per pound; covered, 14\2@15\2c; breakfast bacon, uncovered, 16@17c; covered, 15½ @16½c; short clear sides, 13@14c; dry

A Big Check. The two men were at a hotel table. "That's a pretty girl over there," said the first

"Which one?"

"That one with the big check in her dress." "She must be rich," was the next

tion that Great Britain will require at answer, and the second man stupidly wondered what relevancy the reabroad this year. France, it adds, will mark bore until an hour or so later be compelled to import more than twice he began to comprehend the relation between riches and big checks.-Detroit Free Press.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Do Not Depend on the Stock to Keep Down the Weeds.

TIME IS MONEY TO THE FARMER.

Good Fowls for Laying-Oregon and Washington Sheep - Some Short Rows-Etc.

A large dry-goods box made tight on top answers as well as a house for ban-

Provide shade and plenty of fresh water for fowls during the extremely hot

weather. Collect eggs every day, for they soon spoil if left in the nest during hot weath-er. Put them in a cool place. The best thing you can do to insure

success with your young stock is to fur-nish every head of it with a good sire. This advice is not so much like putting the cart before the horse as it may seem In the care of our domestic animals economy and humanity are synonymous

terms. Every brutal act, every harsh word even and every lack of proper care will take something away from the profit account. Do not depend on the stock to keep down the weeds. It is true that they may do something toward it, especially if you have sheep. But this is the time of the year when weeds go to seed, and

Cattle-growing cannot be followed in any haphazard way and be made profit-able. There must be a definite purpose in your plans, and breeding and feeding must be such as will directly minister to that end. Anything short of this is pretty sure to bring disaster.

Time is money to the farmer if it is to any man under the sun. Has it ever occurred to you that a fast-walking toam would save you lots of it? In every opwould save you loss of it? In every op-eration of the farm you would find them of benefit, and when you go to town with a load of grain they would save you so much time that it would be equivalent to a better price for your wheat. An economical method for handling

part of the corn crop at least is to crib it with the husk on. Then run ear and husk through a cutting machine, and feed altogether. The corn must be thorneed altogether. The corn must be thor-oughly dried before it is cribbed. The husk will be eaten better in this manner than in any other, and supplies the bulk that is always needed when much corn is fed. When dressing broilers see that the when dressing broilers see that the skin is not torn. If this happens, sew it together neatly and press in place with the fingers. Pick off all the little pin feathers and drop the carcasses in ice water in order to remove the animal

heat. Then hang in a cool place to drain, wipe dry with a clean towel and pack in a barrel or box with alternate layers of ice, and be sure to ship them at once. If you give any of the stock especial care through the winter, it should cer-tainly be the breeding animals. We know that a good farmer will say that he treats all his stock alike, doing the very best he can for all. But perhaps certain quarters are more comfortable

than others. Then put the breeding stock there, for on their comfort and thrift depends much of the value of the rogeny. Sufficient variety is a most important item toward maintaining a good appetite and good health. A man or an animail will tire of any one food when compelled to live on it exclusively for any length of time. Never get the idea that it is expensive to feed a varied ration, for on the contrary it is the most economical thing that you can do. It will bring about the most rapid gain at the

least expense.

GOOD FOWLS FOR LAYING. A noted writer on fowls says: "For laying hens select large, strong, healthy birds of the Leghorn varieties, with large, square bodies, without regard to fine points, such as pure white, flat ear lobes, or very yellow legs, or combs with just five points, or plumage that is per-fectly white in the white variety, or without a white speck in the brown. is not that these points are any detri-ment to the health and vigor of the birds, but that a constitution has been too often sacrificed to them, which often results in a strain of enfeebled though handsome fowls. The Leghorns are acclimated American breeds, which origi-nated from birds brought from the Mediterranean, and they have been im-proved in this country by circumstances cash, 6½c; burlaps, 11½-ounce, 40-inch, 11c; burlaps, 16-ounce, 60-inch, 11c; burlaps, 19-ounce, 76-inch, 14c; wheat bags, Calcutta, 22x36, spot, 8c; 2-bushel oat bags, 7½c; No. 1 second-hand bags, 7c; Calcutta hop cloth, 24-ounce, 10c. much better than the Leghorns or any of the smaller breeds. Chickens that Tin-I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime qualare the result of a Dorking cock and and Brahma hens are large and mature much earlier than the other. Moreover, they are hardy, fleshy, tender and fine-flavored. Houdans in place of Dorkings are also good to cross on Brahmas or to breed with the first-mentioned cross, as they keep up size and quality. Plymouth Rocks are also a good table fowl, and are good to cross with the above."

OREGON AND WASHINGTON SHEEP. An Oregon correspondent writes: heep-raising on the ranges of Oregon and Washington is an industry of conand Washington is an industry of con-siderable magnitude. There are, it is said, 2,000,000 sheep in Oregon alone, and Eastern Washington ranges are heavy producers. In the latter portion of May each year great droves, reaching about 100,000, are started from these two States for Montana and Nebraska, the largest and finest being shipped from the former State to Chicago and others gong to Nebraska to be corn-fed It takes five months to make this journey; but, as the grass is generally abundant, the stock arrives at its destination in good condition. The fact that last season practically all the wethers were driven off the ranges accounts for higher prices and scarcity of mutton in the Northwest this year. The loss last winter to herds was very light, nearly 25 per cent less than usual, and sheep are all in good condition. Sheep on these ranges are said to be the finest raised in the world, salt sides, $11\frac{1}{2}$ @ $12\frac{1}{9}$ e; land, compound, in tins, 10c per pound; pure, in tins, 13@14c; Oregon land, $11\frac{1}{2}$ @ $12\frac{1}{9}$ c. yearlings averaging well with two-yearlds in other portions of the country. Shearing is now in progress, the crop being shipped East almost entirely.

His Fat Saved Him

John Burton, a fat man, of Cambridge, went to the Howard Athenaum, at Boston, to see a variety show. As the curtain went up he fell over the gallery rail to the pit, thirty-five feet below. landed in the aisle and got up unburt, save by a slight cut over the eye.-Exchange.

Big Cabbages.

A wagon load of produce recently brought into Dallas consisted of but six heads of cabbage, the half dozen filling the wagon bed.-Dallas (Or.) Chronicle.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.